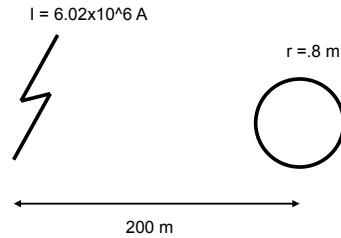


Problem 20.61

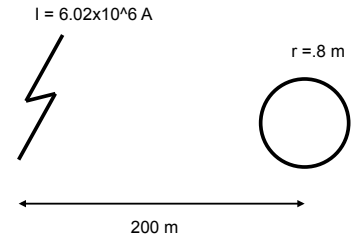
The charge flow in a bolt of lightning drops from 6.02×10^6 amps to zero in 10.5 microseconds. A 100 turn coil of radius .8 meters is 200 meters away. What is the induced EMF in the coil?



1.

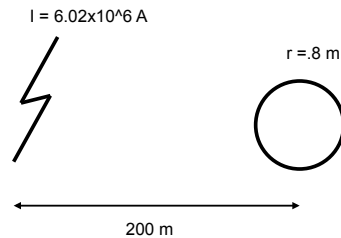
The induced EMF will be:

$$\begin{aligned}\epsilon_{\text{ind}} &= -N \frac{\Delta \phi_B}{\Delta t} \\ \epsilon_{\text{ind}} &= -N \frac{A \Delta B}{\Delta t} \\ &= -(100) \frac{(\pi (.8)^2)(0 - .006)}{(10.5 \times 10^{-6})} \\ &= 1.15 \times 10^5 \text{ volts (this is 115 kV)}\end{aligned}$$



3.

The charge flow in a bolt of lightning drops from 6.02×10^6 amps to zero in 10.5 microseconds. A 100 turn coil of radius .8 meters is 200 meters away. What is the induced EMF in the coil?



The initial magnetic field at 200 meters is:

$$\begin{aligned}B &= \frac{\mu_o i}{2\pi d} \\ &= \frac{(4\pi \times 10^{-7})(6.02 \times 10^6)}{2\pi(200)} \\ &= .006 \text{ T}\end{aligned}$$

2.